State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-fifth Legislature Second Regular Session 2002

CHAPIER 255

## **HOUSE BILL 2011**

## AN ACT

CHANGING THE DESIGNATION OF TITLE 36, CHAPTER 22, ARTICLE 3, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, TO "UNEXPLAINED INFANT DEATH"; AMENDING SECTIONS 36-2291, 36-2292, 36-2293 AND 41-1822, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTION 41-3002.10, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 41, CHAPTER 27, ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 41-3012.01; RELATING TO THE UNEXPLAINED INFANT DEATH ADVISORY COUNCIL.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Heading change

The article heading of title 36, chapter 22, article 3, Arizona Revised Statutes, is changed from "SUDDEN INFANT DEATH SYNDROME" to "UNEXPLAINED INFANT DEATH".

- Sec. 2. Section 36-2291, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 36-2291. Unexplained infant death advisory council: definition
- A. The sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death advisory council is established consisting of the following members:
- 1. One county medical examiner who is appointed by the director of the department of health services.
- 2. One professional nurse who is licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 15 and who is appointed by the director of the department of health services.
- 3. One physician who is licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 13 or 17, who has expertise in sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death syndrome and who is appointed by the director of the department of health services.
- 4. One person who is appointed by the Arizona peace officer standards and training board.
  - 5. The state fire marshal or the fire marshal's designee.
- 6. Two persons who have expertise in sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death syndrome and who are appointed by the director of the department of health services.
- 7. Two representatives from an Arizona sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death syndrome organization who are appointed by the director of the department of health services.
  - 8. The medical director of the office of emergency medical services.
- 9. One prosecutor who is appointed by the Arizona prosecuting attorneys' advisory council.
  - B. Appointed members serve three year terms.
  - C. The sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death advisory council shall:
- 1. Assist the department of health services in developing sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death syndrome training and educational programs.
- 2. Inform the governor and the legislature of the need for specific programs regarding sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death syndrome.
- 3. Approve and periodically review the infant death investigation checklist developed by the department of health services pursuant to section 36-2293. In approving and reviewing the checklist, the council shall consider the guidelines endorsed by the national sudden infant death alliance and the national SIDS and infant death program support center ORGANIZATIONS.
- D. FOR THE PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION C, PARAGRAPHS 1 AND 2 OF THIS SECTION, THE UNEXPLAINED INFANT DEATH ADVISORY COUNCIL MAY ALSO CONSIDER ISSUES RELATING TO STILLBORN INFANTS.

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- D. E. Members of the council are not eligible to receive compensation but are eligible for reimbursement of expenses pursuant to title 38, chapter 4, article 2.
- E. F. Clerical and administrative support for the council shall be provided by the office of maternal and child health.
  - Sec. 3. Section 36-2292, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 36-2292. Protocols
- A. The department of health services shall establish protocols for death scene investigations of apparent natural infant deaths. In developing the protocols the department shall consider the guidelines established by the national sudden infant death alliance and the national SIDS and infant death program support center ORGANIZATIONS.
  - B. At a minimum the protocols shall:
- 1. Include recommended procedures for all first responders, law enforcement agencies and local social services agencies to follow in response to apparent natural infant death.
- 2. Recommend that in the course of an investigation of an apparent natural infant death, the scene where the infant was found should be examined even if the infant's body was transported to a hospital and pronounced dead at a hospital.
- 3. Recommend that during the investigation of an apparent natural infant death, investigators should use their skills and knowledge to determine the cause of death while keeping in mind the need for compassion and sensitivity for the parents and caregivers.
  - Sec. 4. Section 36-2293, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 36-2293. Infant death investigation checklist
- A. A law enforcement officer who in the regular course of duty investigates an unexplained infant death shall complete an infant death investigation checklist developed by the department of health services and approved by the sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death advisory council.
- B. The law enforcement officer shall complete the checklist before an autopsy is conducted.
- C. The officer's law enforcement agency shall retain the original checklist and immediately forward a copy of the checklist to the county medical examiner and the department of health services.
- D. The department of health services shall develop the checklist in conjunction with the sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death advisory council. In developing the checklist, the department shall consult with law enforcement agencies and consider guidelines endorsed by the national sudden infant death alliance and the national SIDS and infant death program support center ORGANIZATIONS.
- E. The department shall periodically review and modify the checklist in consultation with the sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death advisory council.
- F. A law enforcement officer's failure to use the checklist is not a defense to or a basis for dismissal of a criminal prosecution.

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 Sec. 5. Section 41-1822, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 41-1822. <u>Powers and duties of board; definition</u>

A. With respect to peace officer training and certification, the board shall:

- 1. Establish rules for the government and conduct of the board, including meeting times, places and matters to be placed on the agenda of each meeting.
- 2. Make recommendations, consistent with this article, to the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the senate on all matters relating to law enforcement and public safety.
- 3. Prescribe reasonable minimum qualifications for officers to be appointed to enforce the laws of this state and the political subdivisions of this state and certify officers in compliance with these qualifications. Notwithstanding any other law, the qualifications shall require United States citizenship, shall relate to physical, mental and moral fitness and shall govern the recruitment, appointment and retention of all agents, peace officers and police officers of every political subdivision of this state. The board shall constantly review the qualifications established by this section and may amend the qualifications at any time, subject to the requirements of section 41-1823.
- 4. Prescribe minimum courses of training and minimum standards for training facilities for law enforcement officers. Only this state and political subdivisions of this state may conduct basic peace officer training. Basic peace officer academies may admit individuals who are not peace officer cadets only if a cadet meets the minimum qualifications established by paragraph 3 of this subsection. Training shall include:
- (a) Courses in responding to and reporting all criminal offenses that are motivated by race, color, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, gender or disability.
- (b) Training certified by the director of the department of health services with assistance from a representative of the board on the nature of sudden UNEXPLAINED infant death syndrome and the handling of cases involving the sudden and unexplained death of an infant.
- (c) Medical information on unexplained infant death for first responders, including awareness and sensitivity in dealing with families and child care providers, and the importance of forensically competent death scene investigations.
- (d) Information on the protocol of investigation in cases of an unexplained infant death, including the importance of a consistent policy of thorough death scene investigation.
- (e) The use of the infant death investigation checklist pursuant to section 36-2293.
- (f) If an unexplained infant death occurs, the value of timely communication between the medical examiner's office, the department of health services and appropriate social service agencies that address the issue of

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infant death and bereavement, to achieve a better understanding of these deaths and to connect families to various community and public health support systems to enhance recovery from grief.

- 5. Recommend curricula for advanced courses and seminars in law enforcement and intelligence training in universities, colleges and community colleges, in conjunction with the governing body of the educational institution.
- 6. Make inquiries to determine whether this state or political subdivisions of this state are adhering to the standards for recruitment, appointment, retention and training established pursuant to this article. The failure of this state or any political subdivision to adhere to the standards shall be reported at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the board for action deemed appropriate by that body.
- 7. Employ an executive director and other staff as are necessary to fulfill the powers and duties of the board in accordance with the requirements of the law enforcement merit system council.
- B. With respect to state department of corrections correctional officers. the board shall:
- 1. Approve a basic training curriculum of at least two hundred forty hours.
- 2. Establish uniform minimum standards. These standards shall include high school graduation or the equivalent and a physical examination as prescribed by the director of the state department of corrections.
- 3. Establish uniform standards for background investigations, including criminal histories under section 41-1750, of all applicants before enrolling in the academy. The board may adopt special procedures for extended screening and investigations in extraordinary cases to ensure suitability and adaptability to a career as a correctional officer.
- 4. Issue a certificate of completion to any state department of corrections correctional officer who satisfactorily complies with the minimum standards and completes the basic training program. The board may issue a certificate of completion to a state department of corrections correctional officer who has received comparable training in another state if the board determines that the training was at least equivalent to that provided by the academy and if the person complies with the minimum standards.
  - 5. Establish continuing training requirements and approve curricula.
  - C. The board may:
- 1. Deny, suspend, revoke or cancel the certification of an officer who is not in compliance with the qualifications established pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section.
- 2. Provide training and related services to assist state, tribal and local law enforcement agencies to better serve the public.
  - 3. Enter into contracts to carry out its powers and duties.

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- D. This section does not create a cause of action or a right to bring an action, including an action based on discrimination due to sexual orientation.
- E. As used in this section, "sexual orientation" means consensual homosexuality or heterosexuality.

Sec. 6. Repeal

Section 41-3002.10, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed.

Sec. 7. Title 41, chapter 27, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 41-3012.01, to read:

41-3012.01. <u>Unexplained infant death advisory council:</u> termination July 1, 2012

- A. THE UNEXPLAINED INFANT DEATH ADVISORY COUNCIL TERMINATES ON JULY 1, 2012.
  - B. TITLE 36, CHAPTER 22, ARTICLE 3 IS REPEALED ON JANUARY 1, 2013.

Sec. 8. Purpose

Pursuant to section 41-2955, subsection B, Arizona Revised Statutes, the legislature continues the unexplained infant death advisory council to promote the reduction of apparent natural infant death in this state and to promote the proper response to and investigation of reports of apparent natural infant death to fully implement Brandon's Law.

Sec. 9. Stillborn infant report

The department of health services shall submit an annual report of the incidences of stillborn infants and the reported causes of death for the previous year to the governor, the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives and shall provide a copy of this report to the unexplained infant death advisory council, the secretary of state and the director of the Arizona state library, archives and public records.

Sec. 10. Retroactivity

Sections 6 and 7 of this act are effective retroactively to July 1, 2002.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MAY 21, 2002.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY 22, 2002.

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